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FDDI Management Information Base

Status of this Memo

This memo is an extension to the SNMP MIB. This RFC specifies an IAB standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "IAB Official Protocol Standards" for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in TCP/IP-based internets. In particular, it defines objects for managing devices which implement the FDDI.

2. The Network Management Framework

The Internet-standard Network Management Framework consists of three components. They are:

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RFC 1155 which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management. RFC 1212 defines a more concise description mechanism, which is wholly consistent with the SMI.

RFC 1156 which defines MIB-I, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols. RFC 1213, defines MIB-II, an evolution of MIB-I based on implementation experience and new operational requirements.

RFC 1157 which defines the SNMP, the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

3. Objects

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) [5] defined in the SMI. In particular, each object has a name, a syntax, and an encoding. The name is an object identifier, an administratively assigned name, which specifies an object type. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the OBJECT DESCRIPTOR, to also refer to the object type.

The syntax of an object type defines the abstract data structure corresponding to that object type. The ASN.1 language is used for this purpose. However, the SMI [1] purposely restricts the ASN.1 constructs which may be used. These restrictions are explicitly made for simplicity.

The encoding of an object type is simply how that object type is represented using the object type's syntax. Implicitly tied to the notion of an object type's syntax and encoding is how the object type is represented when being transmitted on the network.

The SMI specifies the use of the basic encoding rules of ASN.1 [6], subject to the additional requirements imposed by the SNMP.

3.1. Format of Definitions

Section 5 contains contains the specification of all object types contained in this MIB module. The object types are defined using the conventions defined in the SMI, as amended by the extensions

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specified in [7].

4. Overview

This document defines the managed objects for FDDI devices which are to be accessible via the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). At present, this applies to these values of the ifType variable in the Internet-standard MIB:

fddi(15)

For these interfaces, the value of the ifSpecific variable in the MIB-II [4] has the OBJECT IDENTIFIER value:

fddi OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { transmission 15 }

The definitions of the objects presented here draws heavily from related work in the ANSI X3T9.5 committee and the SMT subcommittee of that committee [8]. In fact, the definitions of the managed objects in this document are, to the maximum extent possible, identical to those identified by the ANSI committee. The semantics of each managed object should be the same with syntactic changes made as necessary to recast the objects in terms of the Internet-standard SMI and MIB so as to be compatible with the SNMP. Examples of these syntactic changes include remapping booleans to enumerated integers, remapping bit strings to octet strings, and the like. In addition, the naming of the objects was changed to achieve compatibility.

These minimal syntactic changes with no semantic changes should allow implementations of SNMP manageable FDDI systems to share instrumentation with other network management schemes and thereby minimize implementation cost. In addition, the translation of information conveyed by managed objects from one network management scheme to another is eased by these shared definitions.

Only the essential variables, as indicated by their mandatory status in the ANSI specification were retained in this document. The importance of variables which have an optional status in the ANSI specification were perceived as being less widely accepted.

4.1. Textual Conventions

Several new datatypes are introduced as a textual convention in this MIB document. These textual conventions enhance the readability of the document and ease comparisons with its ANSI counterpart. It should be noted that the introduction of the following textual conventions has no effect on either the syntax nor the semantics of any managed objects. The use of these is merely an artifact of the

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explanatory method used. Objects defined in terms of one of these methods are always encoded by means of the rules that define the primitive type. Hence, no changes to the SMI or the SNMP are necessary to accommodate these textual conventions which are adopted merely for the convenience of readers and writers in pursuit of the elusive goal of clear, concise, and unambiguous MIB documents.

5. Object Definitions

```
RFC1285-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
        Counter
           FROM RFC1155-SMI
        transmission
           FROM RFC1213-MIB
        OBJECT-TYPE
           FROM RFC-1212;
-- This MIB module uses the extended OBJECT-TYPE macro as
-- defined in [7].
-- this is the FDDI MIB module
        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { transmission 15 }
fddi
-- textual conventions
FddiTime ::= INTEGER (0..2147483647)
-- This data type specifies octet units of 80 nanoseconds as
-- an integer value. It is used for Path Latency and
-- Synchronous Bandwidth values. The encoding is normal
-- integer representation (not twos complement).
FddiResourceId ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
-- This data type is used to refer to an instance of a MAC,
-- PORT, PATH, or ATTACHMENT Resource ID. Indexing begins
-- at 1. Zero is used to indicate the absence of a resource.
FddiSMTStationIdType ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (8))
-- The unique identifier for the FDDI station. This is a
-- string of 8 octets, represented as
                                  X' yy yy xx xx xx xx xx xx'
-- with the low order 6 octet (xx) from a unique IEEE
-- assigned address. The high order two bits of the IEEE
-- address, the group address bit and the administration bit
```

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```
-- (Universal/Local) bit should both be zero. The first two
-- octets, the yy octets, are implementor-defined.
-- The representation of the address portion of the station id
-- is in the IEEE (ANSI/IEEE P802.1A) canonical notation for
-- 48 bit addresses. The canonical form is a 6-octet string
-- where the first octet contains the first 8 bits of the
-- address, with the I/G(Individual/Group) address bit as the
-- least significant bit and the U/L (Universal/Local) bit
-- as the next more significant bit, and so on. Note that
-- addresses in the ANSI FDDI standard SMT frames are
-- represented in FDDI MAC order.
FddiMACLongAddressType ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (6))
-- The representation of long MAC addresses as management
-- values is in the IEEE (ANSI/IEEE P802.1A) canonical
-- notation for 48 bit addresses. The canonical form is a
-- 6-octet string where the first octet contains the first 8
-- bits of the address, with the I/G (Individual/Group)
-- address bit as the least significant bit and the U/L
-- (Universal/Local) bit as the next more significant bit,
-- and so on. Note that the addresses in the SMT frames are
-- represented in FDDI MAC order.
-- groups in the FDDI MIB module
snmpFddiSMT
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 1 }
snmpFddiMAC
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 2 }
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 3 }
snmpFddiPATH
snmpFddiPORT
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 4 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENT OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 5 }
snmpFddiChipSets     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { fddi 6 }
-- the SMT group
-- Implementation of the SMT group is mandatory for all
-- systems which implement manageable FDDI subsystems.
snmpFddiSMTNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
```

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```
"The number of SMT implementations (regardless of
            their current state) on this network management
            application entity. The value for this variable must remain constant at least from one re-
            initialization of the entity's network management
            system to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiSMT 1 }
-- the SMT table
snmpFddiSMTTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SnmpFddiSMTEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "A list of SMT entries. The number of entries is
            given by the value of snmpFddiSMTNumber."
    ::= { snmpFddiSMT 2 }
snmpFddiSMTEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpFddiSMTEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "An SMT entry containing information common to a
            given SMT."
    INDEX { snmpFddiSMTIndex }
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTTable 1 }
SnmpFddiSMTEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        snmpFddiSMTIndex
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTStationId
            FddiSMTStationIdType,
        snmpFddiSMTOpVersionId
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTHiVersionId
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTLoVersionId
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTMACCt
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTNonMasterCt
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTMasterCt
            INTEGER,
```

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```
snmpFddiSMTPathsAvailable
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTConfigCapabilities
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTConfigPolicy
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTConnectionPolicy
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTTNotify
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTStatusReporting
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTECMState
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTCFState
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTHoldState
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTRemoteDisconnectFlag
            INTEGER,
        snmpFddiSMTStationAction
            INTEGER
    }
snmpFddiSMTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each SMT. Its value ranges
            between 1 and the value of snmpFddiSMTNumber. The
            value for each SMT must remain constant at least
            from one re-initialization of the entity's network
            management system to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 1 }
snmpFddiSMTStationId OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiSMTStationIdType -- OCTET STRING (SIZE (8))
   ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Uniquely identifies an FDDI station."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 11 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 2 }
```

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```
snmpFddiSMTOpVersionId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
    ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The version that this station is using for its
            operation (refer to ANSI 7.1.2.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 13 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 3 }
snmpFddiSMTHiVersionId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The highest version of SMT that this station
            supports (refer to ANSI 7.1.2.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 14 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 4 }
snmpFddiSMTLoVersionId OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The lowest version of SMT that this station
            supports (refer to ANSI 7.1.2.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 15 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 5 }
snmpFddiSMTMACCt OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of MACs in the station or
            concentrator."
    REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiSMT 21 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 6 }
snmpFddiSMTNonMasterCt OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..2)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

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```
DESCRIPTION
            "The number of Non Master PORTs (A, B, or S PORTs)
           in the station or concentrator."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 22 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 7 }
snmpFddiSMTMasterCt OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..255)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The number of Master PORTs in a node. If the
           node is not a concentrator, the value is zero."
           "ANSI { fddiSMT 23 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 8 }
snmpFddiSMTPathsAvailable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A value that indicates the PATH types available
           in the station.
           The value is a sum. This value initially takes
           the value zero, then for each type of PATH that
           this node has available, 2 raised to a power is
           added to the sum. The powers are according to the
           following table:
                    Path Power
                 Primary 0
               Secondary
                          1
                         2
                   Local
           For example, a station having Primary and Local
           PATHs available would have a value of 5 (2**0 +
           2**2)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiSMT 24 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 9 }
snmpFddiSMTConfigCapabilities OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..3)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
```

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DESCRIPTION

"A value that indicates capabilities that are present in the node. If 'holdAvailable' is present, this indicates support of the optional Hold Function (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.3.2). If 'CF-Wrap-AB' is present, this indicates that the WRAP_AB state is forced.

The value is a sum. This value initially takes the value zero, then for each of the configuration policies currently enforced on the node, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:

```
Policy Power holdAvailable 0 CF-Wrap-AB 1 "
```

"ANSI { fddiSMT 25 }" ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 10 }

snmpFddiSMTConfigPolicy OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..3)
ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

REFERENCE

"A value that indicates the configuration policies currently enforced in the node (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.3.2). The 'configurationHold' policy refers to the Hold flag, and should not be present only if the Hold function is supported. The 'CF-Wrap-AB' policy refers to the CF_Wrap_AB flag.

The value is a sum. This value initially takes the value zero, then for each of the configuration policies currently enforced on the node, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:

Policy Power configurationHold 0
CF-Wrap-AB 1 "

REFERENCE

"ANSI { fddiSMT 26 }"
::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 11 }

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```
snmpFddiSMTConnectionPolicy OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX    INTEGER (0..65535)
    ACCESS    read-write
    STATUS    mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
```

"A value that indicates the connection policies enforced at the station. A station sets the corresponding policy for each of the connection types that it rejects. The letter designations, X and Y, in the 'rejectX-Y' names have the following significance: X represents the PC-Type of the local PORT and Y represents a PC-Neighbor in the evaluation of Connection-Policy (PC-Type, PC-Neighbor) that is done to determine the setting of T-Val(3) in the PC-Signaling sequence (refer to ANSI Section 9.6.3).

The value is a sum. This value initially takes the value zero, then for each of the connection policies currently enforced on the node, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:

```
Policy
           Power
rejectA-A
           0
rejectA-B
           1
rejectA-S
           2
           3
rejectA-M
rejectB-A
           4
           5
rejectB-B
rejectB-S 6
rejectB-M 7
rejectS-A 8
rejectS-B
rejectS-S 10
rejectS-M
           11
rejectM-A
           12
rejectM-B
           13
rejectM-S
           14
           15
rejectM-M
```

Implementors should note that the polarity of these bits is different in different places in an SMT system. Implementors should take appropriate care."

```
REFERENCE
    "ANSI { fddiSMT 27 }"
::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 12 }
```

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```
snmpFddiSMTTNotify OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (2..30)
    ACCESS read-write STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The timer used in the Neighbor Notification
            protocol, reported in seconds and ranging from 2
            to 30 seconds (refer to ANSI SMT 8.3.1)."
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 29 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 13 }
snmpFddiSMTStatusReporting OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
    ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates whether the node implements the Status
            Reporting Protocol. This object is included for
            compatibility with products that were designed
            prior to the adoption of this standard."
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 30 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 14 }
snmpFddiSMTECMState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                ec0(1), -- Out
                ec1(2), -- In
                ec2(3), -- Trace
                ec3(4), -- Leave
                ec4(5), -- Path_Test
                ec5(6), -- Insert
                ec6(7), -- Check
                ec7(8) -- Deinsert
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the current state of the ECM state
            machine (refer to ANSI SMT 9.5.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 41 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 15 }
snmpFddiSMTCFState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                cf0(1), -- Isolated
```

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```
cf1(2), -- Wrap_S
                cf2(3), -- Wrap_A
                cf3(4), -- Wrap_B
                cf4(5), -- Wrap_AB
                cf5(6) -- Thru
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The attachment configuration for the station or
            concentrator (refer to ANSI SMT 9.7.4.3)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiSMT 42 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 16 }
snmpFddiSMTHoldState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               not-implemented(1), -- holding not implemented
                not-holding(2),
               holding-prm(3), -- holding on primary
holding-sec(4) -- holding on secondary
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "This value indicates the current state of the
            Hold function. The values are determined as
            follows: 'holding-prm' is set if the primary ring
            is operational and the Recovery Enable Flag is
            clear (NOT NO_Flag(primary) AND NOT RE_Flag). is
            set if the secondary ring is operational and the
            Recovery Enable Flag is clear (NOT
            NO_Flag(secondary) AND NOT RE_Flag). Ref 9.4.3.
            and 10.3.1. the primary or secondary, i.e., the
           Recovery Enable, RE_Flag, is set."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiSMT 43 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 17 }
snmpFddiSMTRemoteDisconnectFlag OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A flag indicating that the station was remotely
            disconnected from the network. A station requires
            a Connect Action (SM_CM_CONNECT.request (Connect))
            to rejoin and clear the flag (refer to ANSI
```

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```
6.4.5.2)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiSMT 44 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 18 }
snmpFddiSMTStationAction OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               other(1),
                                -- none of the following
               connect(2),
               disconnect(3),
               path-Test(4),
               self-Test(5)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "This object, when read, always returns a value of
           other(1). The behavior of setting this variable
           to each of the acceptable values is as follows:
```

Other: Results in a badValue error.

Connect: Generates an SM_CM_Connect.request(connect) signal to CMT indicating that the ECM State machine is to begin a connection sequence. The fddiSMTRemoteDisconnectFlag is cleared on the setting of this variable to 1. See ANSI Ref 9.3.1.1.

Disconnect: Generates an SM_CM_Connect.request(disconnect) signal to ECM and sets the fddiSMTRemoteDisconnectFlag. See ANSI Ref 9.3.1.1.

Path-Test: Initiates a station path test. The Path_Test variable (See ANSI Ref. 9.4.1) is set to Testing. The results of this action are not specified in this standard.

Self-Test: Initiates a station self test. The results of this action are not specified in this standard.

Attempts to set this object to all other values results in a badValue error. Agents may elect to return a badValue error on attempts to set this variable to path-Test(4) or self-Test(5)."

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```
REFERENCE
             "ANSI { fddiSMT 60 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiSMTEntry 19 }
-- the MAC group
-- Implementation of the MAC Group is mandatory for all
-- systems which implement manageable FDDI subsystems.
snmpFddiMACNumber OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "The total number of MAC implementations (across
             all SMTs) on this network management application
             entity. The value for this variable must remain
             constant at least from one re-initialization of
             the entity's network management system to the next
             re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiMAC 1 }
-- the MAC table
snmpFddiMACTable OBJECT-TYPE
    \begin{array}{lll} {\tt SYNTAX} & {\tt SEQUENCE} & {\tt OF} & {\tt SnmpFddiMACEntry} \\ {\tt ACCESS} & {\tt not-accessible} \end{array}
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "A list of MAC entries. The number of entries is
             given by the value of snmpFddiMACNumber."
    ::= { snmpFddiMAC 2 }
snmpFddiMACEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX SnmpFddiMACEntry
    ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "A MAC entry containing information common to a
             given MAC."
    INDEX { snmpFddiMACSMTIndex, snmpFddiMACIndex }
    ::= { snmpFddiMACTable 1 }
SnmpFddiMACEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        snmpFddiMACSMTIndex
                 INTEGER,
```

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snmpFddiMACIndex

INTEGER,

 ${\tt snmpFddiMACFrameStatusCapabilities}$

INTEGER,

 $\verb|snmpFddiMACTMaxGreatestLowerBound|$

FddiTime,

 $\verb|snmpFddiMACTVXGreatestLowerBound| \\$

FddiTime,

snmpFddiMACPathsAvailable

INTEGER,

 ${\tt snmpFddiMACCurrentPath}$

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACUpstreamNbr

FddiMACLongAddressType,

snmpFddiMACOldUpstreamNbr

FddiMACLongAddressType,

snmpFddiMACDupAddrTest

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACPathsRequested

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACDownstreamPORTType

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACSMTAddress

FddiMACLongAddressType,

snmpFddiMACTReq

FddiTime,

snmpFddiMACTNeg

FddiTime,

 $\verb"snmpFddiMACTM" ax$

FddiTime,

snmpFddiMACTvxValue

FddiTime,

snmpFddiMACTMin

FddiTime,

 $\verb|snmpFddiMACCurrentFrameStatus| \\$

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACFrameCts

Counter,

snmpFddiMACErrorCts

Counter,

snmpFddiMACLostCts

Counter,

 $\verb|snmpFddiMACF| rame Error Threshold|$

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACFrameErrorRatio

INTEGER,

snmpFddiMACRMTState

INTEGER,

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```
snmpFddiMACDaFlag
                INTEGER,
       snmpFddiMACUnaDaFlag
               INTEGER,
       snmpFddiMACFrameCondition
               INTEGER,
       snmpFddiMACChipSet
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
       snmpFddiMACAction
               INTEGER
   }
snmpFddiMACSMTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The value of the SMT index associated with this
           MAC."
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 1 }
snmpFddiMACIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each MAC on the managed
            entity. The MAC identified by a particular value
           of this index is that identified by the same value
           of an ifIndex object instance. That is, if a MAC
            is associated with the interface whose value of
            ifIndex in the Internet-Standard MIB is equal to
            5, then the value of snmpFddiMACIndex shall also
           equal 5. The value for each MAC must remain
           constant at least from one re-initialization of
            the entity's network management system to the next
           re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 2 }
snmpFddiMACFrameStatusCapabilities OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..1799)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates the MAC's bridge and end-
           station capabilities for operating in a bridged
           FDDI network.
```

Case [Page 17]

The value is a sum. This value initially takes the value zero, then for each capability present, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:

```
Capability
                             Power
                FSC-Type0
                             0
                -- MAC repeats A/C indicators as received on
                -- copying with the intent to forward.
                FSC-Type1
                -- MAC sets C but not A on copying for
                -- forwarding.
                FSC-Type2
                -- MAC resets C and sets A on C set and
                -- A reset if the frame is not copied and the
                -- frame was addressed to this MAC
                FSC-Type0-programmable
                -- TypeO capability is programmable
                FSC-Type1-programmable
                -- Typel capability is programmable
                FSC-Type2-programmable
                -- Type2 capability is programmable
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 11 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 3 }
snmpFddiMACTMaxGreatestLowerBound OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiTime
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The greatest lower bound of T_Max supported for
           this MAC."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 13 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 4 }
snmpFddiMACTVXGreatestLowerBound OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiTime
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
```

Case [Page 18]

DESCRIPTION

```
"The greatest lower bound of TVX supported for
            this MAC."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 14 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 5 }
snmpFddiMACPathsAvailable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates the PATH types available
            for this MAC.
            The value is a sum. This value initially takes
            the value zero, then for each type of PATH that
            this MAC has available, 2 raised to a power is
            added to the sum. The powers are according to the
            following table:
                     Path Power
                  Primary 0
               Secondary 1
Local 2 "
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 22 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 6 }
snmpFddiMACCurrentPath OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               unknown(1),
               primary(2),
               secondary(4),
               local(8),
               isolated(16)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the association of the MAC with a
            station PATH."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 23 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 7 }
snmpFddiMACUpstreamNbr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiMACLongAddressType -- OCTET STRING (SIZE (6))
```

Case [Page 19]

```
ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The MAC's upstream neighbor's long individual MAC
            address. It may be determined by the Neighbor
            Information Frame protocol (refer to ANSI SMT
            7.2.1). The value shall be reported as '00 00 00
            00 00 00' if it is unknown."
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 24 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 8 }
snmpFddiMACOldUpstreamNbr OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiMACLongAddressType -- OCTET STRING (SIZE (6))
   ACCESS read-only STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The previous value of the MAC's upstream
           neighbor's long individual MAC address. It may be
           determined by the Neighbor Information Frame
           protocol (refer to ANSI SMT 7.2.1). The value
           shall be reported as '00 00 00 00 00' if it is
           unknown."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 26 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 9 }
snmpFddiMACDupAddrTest OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), pass(2), fail(3) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The Duplicate Address Test flag, Dup_Addr_Test
           (refer to ANSI 8.3.1)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 29 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 10 }
snmpFddiMACPathsRequested OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates PATH(s) desired for this
           The value is a sum which represents the individual
           PATHs that are desired. This value initially
```

Case [Page 20]

```
takes the value zero, then for each type of PATH that this node is, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:
```

```
Path Power
                 Primary 0
               Secondary 1
                   Local 2
                Isolated 3
           The precedence order is primary, secondary, local,
           and then isolated if multiple PATHs are desired
           are set."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 32 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 11 }
snmpFddiMACDownstreamPORTType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER \{a(1), b(2), s(3), m(4), unknown(5)\}
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "Indicates the PC-Type of the first port that is
           downstream of this MAC (the exit port)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 33 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 12 }
snmpFddiMACSMTAddress OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiMACLongAddressType -- OCTET STRING (SIZE (6))
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The 48 bit individual address of the MAC used for
           SMT frames."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 41 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 13 }
snmpFddiMACTReq OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiTime
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of T-Req (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1 and
           ANSI MAC 7.3.5.2)."
   REFERENCE
```

Case [Page 21]

```
"ANSI { fddiMAC 51 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 14 }
snmpFddiMACTNeg OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX FddiTime
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of T-Neg (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1 and
            ANSI MAC 7.3.5.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 52 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 15 }
snmpFddiMACTMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX FddiTime
ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of T-Max (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1 and
            ANSI MAC 7.3.5.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 53 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 16 }
snmpFddiMACTvxValue OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiTime
ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of TvxValue (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1
            and ANSI MAC 7.3.5.2)."
    REFERENCE
             "ANSI { fddiMAC 54 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 17 }
snmpFddiMACTMin OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX FddiTime
    ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of T-Min (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1 and
            ANSI MAC 7.3.5.2)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 55 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 18 }
```

Case [Page 22]

```
snmpFddiMACCurrentFrameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
   ACCESS read-write
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates the MAC's operational
            frame status setting functionality.
            The value is a sum. This value initially takes
            the value zero, then for each functionality
            present, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum.
            The powers are according to the following table:
                Functionality Power
                    FSC-Type0
                    -- MAC repeats A/C indicators as received
                    FSC-Type1
                                1
                    -- MAC sets C but not A on copying for
                    -- forwarding
                    FSC-Type2
                    -- MAC resets C and sets A on C set and A
                    -- reset if frame is not copied
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 63 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 19 }
snmpFddiMACFrameCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Frame_Ct (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 71 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 20 }
snmpFddiMACErrorCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Error_Ct (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1)."
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 81 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 21 }
```

Case [Page 23]

```
snmpFddiMACLostCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Lost_Ct (refer to ANSI MAC 2.2.1)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 82 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 22 }
snmpFddiMACFrameErrorThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A threshold for determining when a MAC Condition
            report should be generated. The condition is true
            when the ratio, ((delta snmpFddiMACLostCt + delta
            snmpFddiMACErrorCt) / (delta snmpFddiMACFrameCt +
            delta snmpFddiMACLostCt)) x 2**16. exceeds the
            threshold. It is used to determine when a station
            has an unacceptable frame error threshold. The
            sampling algorithm is implementation dependent.
            Any attempt to set this variable to a value of
            less than one shall result in a badValue error.
            Those who are familiar with the SNMP management
            framework will recognize that thresholds are not
            in keeping with the SNMP philosophy. However,
            this variable is supported by underlying SMT
            implementations already and maintaining this
            threshold should not pose an undue additional
            burden on SNMP agent implementors."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 95 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 23 }
snmpFddiMACFrameErrorRatio OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "This attribute is the actual ratio, ((delta
            snmpFddiMACLostCt + delta snmpFddiMACErrorCt) /
            (delta snmpFddiMACFrameCt + delta
            snmpFddiMACLostCt)) x 2**16."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 96 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 24 }
```

Case [Page 24]

```
snmpFddiMACRMTState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                rm0(1), -- Isolated
                rm1(2), -- Non_Op
                rm2(3), -- Ring_Op
                rm3(4), -- Detect
                rm4(5), -- Non_Op_Dup
                rm5(6), -- Ring_Op_Dup
                rm6(7), -- Directed
               rm7(8) -- Trace
            }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the current state of the Ring
            Management state machine (refer to ANSI Section
            10)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 111 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 25 }
snmpFddiMACDaFlag OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The RMT flag Duplicate Address Flag, DA_Flag
            (refer to ANSI 10.3.1.2)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiMAC 112 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 26 }
snmpFddiMACUnaDaFlag OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A flag set when the upstream neighbor reports a
            duplicate address condition. Reset when the
           condition clears."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 113 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 27 }
snmpFddiMACFrameCondition OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
```

Case [Page 25]

DESCRIPTION

"Indicates the MAC Condition is active when set. Cleared when the condition clears and on power up."

REFERENCE

"ANSI { fddiMAC 114 }"
::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 28 }

snmpFddiMACChipSet OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

ACCESS read-only

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"This object identifies the hardware chip(s) which is (are) principally responsible for the implementation of the MAC function. A few OBJECT IDENTIFIERS are identified elsewhere in this memo. For those The assignment of additional OBJECT IDENTIFIERs to various types of hardware chip sets is managed by the IANA. For example, vendors whose chip sets are not defined in this memo may request a number from the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) which indicates the assignment of a enterprise specific subtree which, among other things, may be used to allocate OBJECT IDENTIFIER assignments for that enterprise's chip sets. Similarly, in the absence of an appropriately assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER in this memo or in an enterprise specific subtree of a chip vendor, a board or system vendor can request a number for a subtree from the IANA and make an appropriate assignment. It is desired that, whenever possible, the same OBJECT IDENTIFIER be used for all chips of a given type. Consequently, the assignment made in this memo for a chip, if any, should be used in preference to any other assignment and the assignment made by the chip manufacturer, if any, should be used in preference to assignments made by users of those chips. the hardware chip set is unknown, the object identifier

unknownChipSet OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }

is returned. Note that unknownChipSet is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER must be able to generate and recognize this

Case [Page 26]

```
value."
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 29 }
snmpFddiMACAction OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                            -- none of the following
               other(1),
               enableLLCService(2),
               disableLLCService(3),
               connectMAC(4),
               disconnectMAC(5)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object, when read, always returns a value of
           other(1). The behavior of setting this variable
            to each of the acceptable values is as follows:
           Other:
                                   Results in a badValue
                                   error.
           enableLLCService:
                                   enables MAC service to
                                   higher layers.
                                   disables MAC service to
           disableLLCService:
                                   higher layers.
           connectMAC:
                                   connect this MAC in
                                   station.
           disconnectMAC:
                                   disconnect this MAC in
                                   station.
           Attempts to set this object to all other values
           results in a badValue error."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiMAC 130 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiMACEntry 30 }
-- the PATH group
-- the PATH group is empty for now and shall remain so until
-- the ANSI community sorts out their PATH group
-- the PORT group
-- Implementation of the PORT group is mandatory for all
```

Case [Page 27]

```
-- systems which implement manageable FDDI subsystems.
snmpFddiPORTNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of PORT implementations (across
           all SMTs) on this network management application
           entity. The value for this variable must remain
           constant at least from one re-initialization of
           the entity's network management system to the next
           re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiPORT 1 }
-- the PORT table
snmpFddiPORTTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SnmpFddiPORTEntry
   ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A list of PORT entries. The number of entries is
            given by the value of snmpFddiPORTNumber."
    ::= { snmpFddiPORT 2 }
snmpFddiPORTEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpFddiPORTEntry
   ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A PORT entry containing information common to a
           given PORT."
   INDEX { snmpFddiPORTSMTIndex, snmpFddiPORTIndex }
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTTable 1 }
SnmpFddiPORTEntry ::=
   SEQUENCE {
       snmpFddiPORTSMTIndex
               INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTIndex
               INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTPCType
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTPCNeighbor
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTConnectionPolicies
```

Case [Page 28]

```
INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTRemoteMACIndicated
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTCEState
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTPathsRequested
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTMACPlacement
                FddiResourceId,
        snmpFddiPORTAvailablePaths
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTMACLoopTime
                FddiTime,
        snmpFddiPORTTBMax
                FddiTime,
        snmpFddiPORTBSFlag
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTLCTFailCts
                Counter,
        snmpFddiPORTLerEstimate
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTLemRejectCts
                Counter,
        snmpFddiPORTLemCts
                Counter,
        snmpFddiPORTLerCutoff
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTLerAlarm
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTConnectState
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTPCMState
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTPCWithhold
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTLerCondition
                INTEGER,
        snmpFddiPORTChipSet
                OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
        snmpFddiPORTAction
               INTEGER
snmpFddiPORTSMTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
```

}

[Page 29] Case

```
"The value of the SMT index associated with this
            PORT."
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 1 }
snmpFddiPORTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A unique value for each PORT within a given SMT.
            Its value ranges between 1 and the sum of the
            values of snmpFddiSMTNonMasterCt
            { snmpFddiSMTEntry 6 } and snmpFddiSMTMasterCt { snmpFddiSMTEntry 7 } on the given SMT. The
            value for each PORT must remain constant at least
            from one re-initialization of the entity's network
            management system to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 2 }
snmpFddiPORTPCType OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER \{a(1), b(2), s(3), m(4)\}
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "PC_Type (refer to ANSI SMT 9.2.2 and ANSI SMT
            9.6.3.2)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 12 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 3 }
snmpFddiPORTPCNeighbor OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER \{a(1), b(2), s(3), m(4), unknown(5)\}
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The type (PC_Neighbor) of the remote PORT that is
            determined in PC_Signaling in R_Val (1,2) (refer
            to ANSI SMT 9.6.3.2)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 13 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 4 }
snmpFddiPORTConnectionPolicies OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates the node's PORT policies.
```

Case [Page 30]

```
Pc-MAC-LCT, Pc-MAC-Loop, and Pc-MAC-Placement indicate how the respective PC Signaling Capability flags should be set (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.3.2).

The value is a sum. This value initially takes
```

The value is a sum. This value initially takes the value zero, then for each PORT policy, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum. The powers are according to the following table:

```
Policy
                                   Power
                      Pc-MAC-LCT
                                  1
                     Pc-MAC-Loop
                Pc-MAC-Placement
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 14 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 5 }
snmpFddiPORTRemoteMACIndicated OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The indication, in PC-Signaling that the remote
            partner intends to place a MAC in the output token
            PATH of this PORT. Signaled as R_Val (9) (refer
            to ANSI SMT 9.6.3.2)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 15 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 6 }
snmpFddiPORTCEState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
                ce0(1), -- Isolated
                ce1(2), -- Insert_P
                ce2(3), -- Insert_S
               ce3(4), -- Insert_X
ce4(5) -- Local
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the current state of PORT's
            Configuration Element (CE) (refer to ANSI 9.7.5).
            Note that this value represents the Current Path
            information for this PORT."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 16 }"
```

Case [Page 31]

```
::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 7 }
snmpFddiPORTPathsRequested OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..15)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A value that indicates the desired association(s)
           of the port with a station PATH. The 'Primary'
           Path is the default. The value of 'Secondary' is
           only meaningful for S (slave) or M (master) PORT
           PC-Types. This value effects the setting of the
           CF_Insert_S, and CF_Insert_L flags (refer to ANSI
           Section 9.4.3). If the 'Primary' PATH is present,
           then the Primary PATH (the default PATH) is
           selected. If the 'Secondary' PATH is present and
           the 'Primary' PATH is not present, then the
           CF_Insert_S flag is set. If the 'Local' PATH is
           sent and neither the 'Primary' or 'Secondary'
           PATHs are sent, then the CF_Insert_L flag is set.
           The value is a sum. This value initially takes
           the value zero, then for each type of PATH
           desired, 2 raised to a power is added to the sum.
           The powers are according to the following table:
                    Path
                           Power
                 Primary
               Secondary
                           1
                   Local
                           2
                Isolated 3 "
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 17 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 8 }
snmpFddiPORTMACPlacement OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiResourceId -- INTEGER (0..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the upstream MAC, if any, that is
           associated with the PORT. The value shall be zero
           if there is no MAC associated with the PORT.
           Otherwise, the value shall be equal to the value
           of snmpFddiMACIndex associated with the MAC."
   REFERENCE
```

Case [Page 32]

"ANSI { fddiPORT 18 }"

::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 9 }

snmpFddiPORTAvailablePaths OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)
    ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "A value that indicates the PATH types available
            for M and S PORTs.
            The value is a sum. This value initially takes
             the value zero, then for each type of PATH that
             this port has available, 2 raised to a power is
            added to the sum. The powers are according to the
            following table:
                   \begin{array}{cc} \text{Path} & \text{Power} \\ \text{Primary} & 0 \end{array}
                 Secondary 1
Local 2 "
    REFERENCE
      "ANSI { fddiPORT 19 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 10 }
snmpFddiPORTMACLoopTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX FddiTime
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "Time for the optional MAC Local Loop, T_Next(9),
            which is greater-than or equal-to 200 milliseconds
            (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.4.2.3)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 21 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 11 }
snmpFddiPORTTBMax OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX FddiTime
    ACCESS read-write
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
            "TB_Max (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.4.2.1)."
    REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 32 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 12 }
snmpFddiPORTBSFlag OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
```

Case [Page 33]

```
DESCRIPTION
           "The Break State, BS_Flag (refer to ANSI SMT
           9.4.3.4)."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 33 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 13 }
snmpFddiPORTLCTFailCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "The count of the consecutive times the link
           confidence test (LCT) has failed during connection
           management (refer to ANSI 9.4.1)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 42 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 14 }
snmpFddiPORTLerEstimate OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (4..15)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A long term average link error rate. It ranges
           from 10**-4 to 10**-15 and is reported as the
           absolute value of the exponent of the estimate."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 51 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 15 }
snmpFddiPORTLemRejectCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "A link error monitoring count of the times that a
           link has been rejected."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 52 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 16 }
snmpFddiPORTLemCts OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX Counter
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The aggregate link error monitor error count, set
```

Case [Page 34]

```
to zero only on station power_up."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 53 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 17 }
snmpFddiPORTLerCutoff OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (4..15)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The link error rate estimate at which a link
            connection will be broken. It ranges from 10**-4
           to 10**-15 and is reported as the absolute value
           of the exponent."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 58 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 18 }
snmpFddiPORTLerAlarm OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (4..15)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The link error rate estimate at which a link
            connection will generate an alarm. It ranges from
            10**-4 to 10**-15 and is reported as the absolute
            value of the exponent of the estimate."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 59 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 19 }
snmpFddiPORTConnectState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               disabled(1),
               connecting(2),
               standby(3),
               active(4)
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "An indication of the connect state of this PORT.
           Basically, this gives a higher level view of the
            state of the connection by grouping PCM states and
            the PC-Withhold flag state. The supported values
           and their corresponding PCM states and PC-Withhold
           condition, when relevant, are:
```

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```
disabled: (PC0:Off, PC9:Maint)
            connecting: (PC1(Break) || PC3 (Connect) || PC4
                                  || PC5 (Signal) || PC6
            (Next)
            (Join) | PC7 (Verify))
                                           &&
            (PC_Withhold = None)
               standby: (NOT PC_Withhold == None)
               active: (PC2:Trace | PC8:Active) "
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiPORT 61 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 20 }
snmpFddiPORTPCMState OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               pc0(1), -- Off
               pc1(2), -- Break
               pc2(3), -- Trace
               pc3(4), -- Connect
               pc4(5), -- Next
               pc5(6), -- Signal
               pc6(7), -- Join
               pc7(8), -- Verify
               pc8(9), -- Active
               pc9(10) -- Maint
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "(refer to SMT 9.6.2)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 62 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 21 }
snmpFddiPORTPCWithhold OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), m-m(2), other(3) }
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
           "PC_Withhold, (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.1)."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 63 }"
   ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 22 }
snmpFddiPORTLerCondition OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
```

Case [Page 36]

STATUS mandatory DESCRIPTION

"This variable is set to true whenever LerEstimate is less than or equal to LerAlarm."

REFERENCE

"ANSI { fddiPORT 64 }"
::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 23 }

snmpFddiPORTChipSet OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

ACCESS read-only

STATUS mandatory

DESCRIPTION

"This object identifies the hardware chip(s) which is (are) principally responsible for the implementation of the PORT (PHY) function. A few OBJECT IDENTIFIERS are identified elsewhere in this memo. For those The assignment of additional OBJECT IDENTIFIERs to various types of hardware chip sets is managed by the IANA. For example, vendors whose chip sets are not defined in this memo may request a number from the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) which indicates the assignment of a enterprise specific subtree which, among other things, may be used to allocate OBJECT IDENTIFIER assignments for that enterprise's chip sets. Similarly, in the absence of an appropriately assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER in this memo or in an enterprise specific subtree of a chip vendor, a board or system vendor can request a number for a subtree from the IANA and make an appropriate assignment. It is desired that, whenever possible, the same OBJECT IDENTIFIER be used for all chips of a given type. Consequently, the assignment made in this memo for a chip, if any, should be used in preference to any other assignment and the assignment made by the chip manufacturer, if any, should be used in preference to assignments made by users of those chips. If the hardware chip set is unknown, the object identifier

unknownChipSet OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { 0 0 }

is returned. Note that unknownChipSet is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any conformant implementation of ASN.1 and the BER must be able to generate and recognize this

Case [Page 37]

```
value."
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 24 }
snmpFddiPORTAction OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER {
               other(1),
                                  -- none of the following
               maintPORT(2),
               enablePORT(3),
               disablePORT(4),
               startPORT(5),
               stopPORT(6)
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "This object, when read, always returns a value of
           other(1). The behavior of setting this variable
            to each of the acceptable values is as follows:
           Other:
                           Results in a badValue error.
           maintPORT:
                            Signal PC_Maint
            enablePORT:
                            Signal PC_Enable
           disablePORT:
                            Signal PC_Disable
            startPORT:
                            Signal PC_Start
            stopPORT:
                            Signal PC_Stop
            Signals cause an SM_CM_CONTROL.request service to
           be generated with a control_action of 'Signal' and
            the 'variable' parameter set with the appropriate
           value (i.e., PC_Maint, PC_Enable, PC_Disable,
           PC_Start, PC_Stop). Ref. ANSI SMT Section 9.3.2.
           Attempts to set this object to all other values
           results in a badValue error."
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiPORT 70 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiPORTEntry 25 }
-- the ATTACHMENT group
-- Implementation of the ATTACHMENT group is mandatory for
-- all systems which implement manageable FDDI subsystems.
```

Case [Page 38]

```
snmpFddiATTACHMENTNumber OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
   ACCESS read-only
STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The total number of attachments (across all SMTs)
           on this network management application entity.
           The value for this variable must remain constant
           at least from one re-initialization of the
           entity's network management system to the next
           re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENT 1 }
-- the ATTACHMENT table
snmpFddiATTACHMENTTable OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF SnmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry
   ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "A list of ATTACHMENT entries. The number of
           entries is given by the value of
           snmpFddiATTACHMENTNumber."
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENT 2 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX SnmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry
   ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "An ATTACHMENT entry containing information common
            to a given set of ATTACHMENTs.
           The ATTACHMENT Resource represents a PORT or a
           pair of PORTs plus the optional associated optical
           bypass that are managed as a functional unit.
           Because of its relationship to the PORT Objects,
            there is a natural association of ATTACHMENT
           Resource Indices to the PORT Indices. The
           resource index for the ATTACHMENT is equal to the
           associated PORT index for 'single-attachment' and
            'concentrator' type snmpFddiATTACHMENTClasses.
           For 'dual-attachment' Classes, the ATTACHMENT
            Index is the PORT Index of the A PORT of the A/B
           PORT Pair that represents the ATTACHMENT."
           { snmpFddiATTACHMENTSMTIndex,
   INDEX
                                   snmpFddiATTACHMENTIndex }
```

Case [Page 39]

```
::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTTable 1 }
SnmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTSMTIndex
                 INTEGER,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTIndex
                 INTEGER,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTClass
                 INTEGER,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTOpticalBypassPresent
                 INTEGER,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTIMaxExpiration
                 FddiTime,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTInsertedStatus
                 INTEGER,
        snmpFddiATTACHMENTInsertPolicy
                 INTEGER
    }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTSMTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "The value of the SMT index associated with this
             ATTACHMENT."
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 1 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER (1..65535)
    ACCESS read-only
    STATUS mandatory
    DESCRIPTION
             "A unique value for each ATTACHMENT on a given
             SMT. Its value ranges between 1 and the sum of
             the values of snmpFddiSMTNonMasterCt {
             snmpFddiSMTEntry 6 } and snmpFddiSMTMasterCt {
snmpFddiSMTEntry 7 } on the given SMT. The value
for each ATTACHMENT must remain constant at least
             from one re-initialization of the entity's network
             management system to the next re-initialization."
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 2 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTClass OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
                 single-attachment(1),
                 dual-attachment(2),
```

Case [Page 40]

```
concentrator(3)
            }
   ACCESS
           read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The Attachment class. This represents a PORT or
           a pair of PORTs plus the associated optional
           optical bypass that are managed as a functional
           unit. The PORT associations are the following:
                single-attachment - S PORTs
                 dual-attachment - A/B PORT Pairs
                    concentrator - M PORTs "
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiATTACHMENT 11 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 3 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTOpticalBypassPresent OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2) }
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "The value of this value is false for 'single-
            attachment' and { snmpFddiATTACHMENT 11 }.
           Correct operation of CMT for single-attachment and
            concentrator attachments requires that a bypass
            function must not loopback the network side of the
           MIC, but only the node side."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiATTACHMENT 12 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 4 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTIMaxExpiration OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX FddiTime
   ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "I_Max (refer to ANSI SMT 9.4.4.2.1). It is
           recognized that some currently deployed systems do
           not implement an optical bypass. Systems which do
           not implement optical bypass should return a value
           of 0."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiATTACHMENT 13 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 5 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTInsertedStatus OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2), unimplemented(3) }
```

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```
ACCESS read-only
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates whether the attachment is currently
            inserted in the node."
   REFERENCE
            "ANSI { fddiATTACHMENT 14 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 6 }
snmpFddiATTACHMENTInsertPolicy OBJECT-TYPE
   SYNTAX INTEGER { true(1), false(2), unimplemented(3) }
   ACCESS read-write
   STATUS mandatory
   DESCRIPTION
            "Indicates the Insert Policy for this Attachment.
            Insert: True (1), Don't Insert: False (2),
           Unimplemented (3)"
   REFERENCE
           "ANSI { fddiATTACHMENT 15 }"
    ::= { snmpFddiATTACHMENTEntry 7 }
-- the Chip Set group
-- The following object identifiers are allocated for use
-- with the snmpFddiMACChipSet and snmpFddiPORTChipSet
-- variables.
       snmpFddiPHYChipSets
                             -- Chips primarily responsible
                             -- for implementing the PHY
                             -- function.
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpFddiChipSets 1 }
                             -- None defined at present
                             -- Chipsets may someday be
                             -- defined here
       snmpFddiMACChipSets
                             -- Chips primarily responsible
                             -- for implementing the
                             -- MAC function.
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpFddiChipSets 2 }
                              -- None defined at present
                              -- Chipsets may someday be
                              -- defined here
       snmpFddiPHYMACChipSets -- Chips which implement both
                              -- the PHY and MAC functions
```

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OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { snmpFddiChipSets 3 }

- -- None defined at present
- -- Chipsets may someday be
- -- defined here

END

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Security Considerations

Security issues are not discussed in this memo.

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